

**A study on the atmospheric pollen  
levels of Artemisia L. in Catalonia  
(NE Spain), 1994-2001.**

**Navarro, D. & Belmonte, J.**



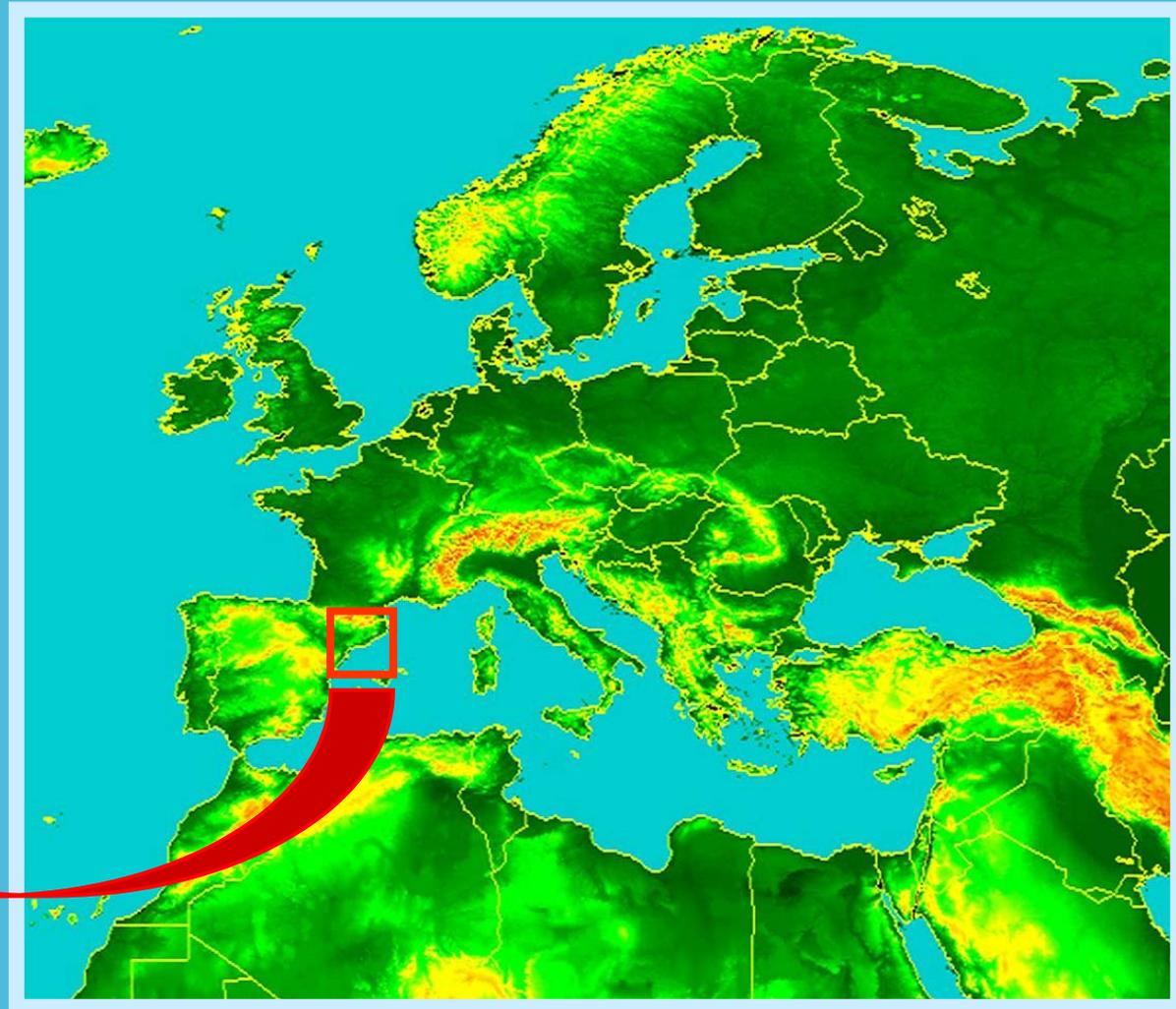
**Botany Unit**

**Autonomous University of Barcelona, Spain**

# Objectives

- To list the *Artemisia* species diversity in Catalonia and related corology.
- To describe data series recorded: annual index, percentages, and maximum mean weekly and maximum mean daily concentrations.
- To plot the curves describing the dynamics of the mean weekly concentrations.
- To determine if there are any significant differences between sampling stations.
- To represent the allergenic risk levels of *Artemisia* pollen in Catalonia (XAC categorical data).

# Aerobiological sampling station



# Geographical and climatic characteristics

Aerobiological Sampling Stations (study period)	Geographical characteristics		Climatic characteristics		
	Altitude (m.a.s.l)	Geographical Coordinates	Mean Annual Temperature (°C)	Annual Rainfall (mm)	Phytoclimates (1)
Barcelona (1994-2001)	12	41°24' N, 02°11' E	16.4	593	Fresh-Tethyc-semiarid
Bellaterra (1994-2001)	190	41°33' N, 02°07' E	15.2	594	Fresh-Continental Oriental-semihumid
Girona (1996-2001)	70	41°59' N, 02°60' E	15.0	740	Fresh-Continental Oriental-semihumid
Lleida (1996-2001)	221	41°37' N, 00°37' E	15.1	385	Fresh-Transitional-semiarid
Manresa (1996-2001)	238	41°43' N, 01°50' E	13.6	619	Fresh-Continental Oriental-semihumid
Tarragona (1996-2001)	20	41°07' N, 01°15' E	15.8	478	Fresh-Tethyc-semiarid

(1). Allue, 1990

# Material and methods

- 7-days Hirst spore traps (Hirst, 1952)
- Counting method proposed by REA (Domínguez, 1991)
- Mean daily and mean weekly Artemisia pollen concentrations
- Mean weekly pollen concentration expressed in terms of allergenicity risk in categorical data (Belmonte et al 2000)
- Basic statistics
- Spearman correlations
- Ward's method (tree clustering): Squared Euclidean distances

# Artemisia diversity

	Nr species	% respect world	% respect Europe (5)	Nr endemic species (5)
World	<b>300</b> (2)	-	-	-
Europe	<b>57</b> (5)	<b>19.0</b>	-	-
Spain	<b>17</b> (3)	<b>5.7</b>	<b>29.8</b>	<b>3</b>
Catalonia	<b>14</b> (4)	<b>4.7</b>	<b>24.6</b>	<b>1</b>

(2) Mabberley, 1987 (3) [www.programanthos.org](http://www.programanthos.org) (4) Bolòs & Vigo, 1995 (5) Flora Europea, 1976

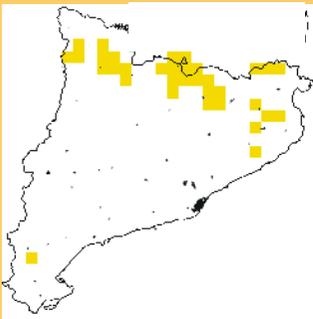
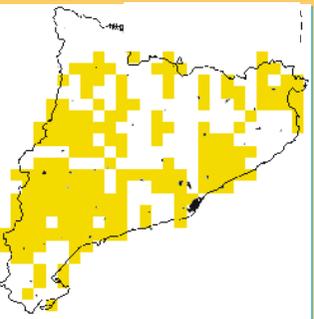
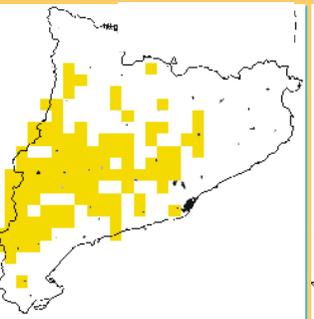
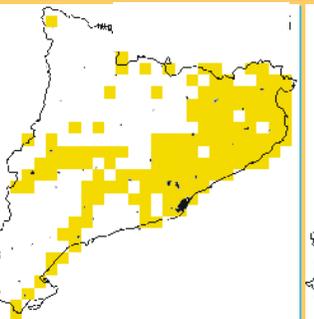
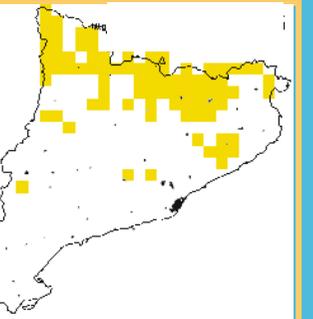
# Artemisia species in Catalonia

Frequency (4)	<i>Artemisia</i> species (3)
R.R.	<u><i>A. alba</i></u> Turra ( <i>A. camphorata</i> Vill., <i>A. biasoletiana</i> Vis., <i>A. suavis</i> Jord., <i>A. lbellii</i> All., <i>A. incanescens</i> Jord.)
R.R.	<u><i>A. abrotanum</i></u> L. ( <i>A. paniculata</i> Lam., <i>A. procera</i> Willd., <i>A. elatior</i> Klokov, <i>A. proceriformis</i> Krasch., <i>A. herbacea</i> Ehrh. Ex Willd.)
R.R.	<u><i>A. absinthium</i></u> L.
R.R.	<u><i>A. annua</i></u> L.
R.R.	<u><i>A. arborescens</i></u> L.
R.R.	<u><i>A. barrelieri</i></u> Bess.
R	<u><i>A. caerulea</i> subsp. <i>gallica</i></u> (Willd.) K.M. Perss.
C.C.	<u><i>A. campestris</i> subsp. <i>campestris</i></u> L. ( <i>A. campestris</i> subsp. <i>sericea</i> (Fr.) Lemke & Rothm., <i>A. sericophylla</i> Rupr., <i>A. marschalliana</i> Spreng., <i>A. inodora</i> M. Bieb., <i>A. dniproica</i> Klokov, <i>A. campestris</i> subsp. <i>lednicensis</i> (Rochel) Lemke & Rothm., <i>A. campestris</i> subsp. <i>inodora</i> Nym an)
C.C.	<u><i>A. campestris</i> subsp. <i>glutinosa</i></u> Gay ex Bess. ( <i>A. jussieana</i> J. Gay ex Besser, <i>A. variabilis</i> Ten., <i>A. glutinosa</i> Gay ex Besser)
R.R.	<u><i>A. chamaelefolia</i></u> Vill.
R.R.	<u><i>A. eriantha</i></u> Ten. ( <i>A. petrosa</i> (Baumg.) Fritsch in Kem., <i>A. baumgartenii</i> Besser, <i>A. villarsii</i> Gen & Godr.)
C.C.	<u><i>A. herba-alba</i></u> Asso ( <i>A. aragonensis</i> Lam.)
R.R.	<u><i>A. umbelliformis</i></u> Lam. ( <i>A. mutellina</i> Vill., <i>A. grabieellae</i> Br.-Bl., <i>A. laxa</i> Fritsch)
C.C.	<u><i>A. verlotiorum</i></u> Lamotte
C.C.	<u><i>A. vulgaris</i></u> L.

R.R.	Very rare
R.	Rare
C.C.	Very common

(3) [www.programanthos.org](http://www.programanthos.org) (4) Bolòs & Vigo, 1995

# Common Artemisia species in Catalonia

	<u><i>A. campestris</i></u> subsp. <u><i>campestris</i></u> L.	<u><i>A. campestris</i></u> subsp. <u><i>glutinosa</i></u> Gay ex Bess.	<u><i>A. herba-alba</i></u> Asso	<u><i>A. verlotiorum</i></u> Lamotte	<u><i>A. vulgaris</i></u> L.
<b>Altitude</b>	750- 1580m	0-1500m	0-800m	0-600 (1400)m	200-1700m
<b>Flowering period</b>	(JL) AG - O	(JL) AG - O	(JN) S - D	JL - AG (S)	(JN) JL - S (N)
<b>Habitat</b>	Waste places	Waste places	Nitrophilous and dry scrubs (thyme thickets)	Nitrophilous areas and margins of wet cultures	Nitrophilous and dry places
<b>Distribution (4) (6)</b>	-Pyrennes -Most of continental Europe	-WMediterranean region (from Portugal to Italy and Sicilia)	-CE and S Spain -S Iran and Mediterranean region	-Mediterranean region - Asia E	-Humit Mediterranean region
					

(4) Bolós & Vigo, 1995    (6) [www.biodiver.ub.es/biocat/homepage.htm](http://www.biodiver.ub.es/biocat/homepage.htm)

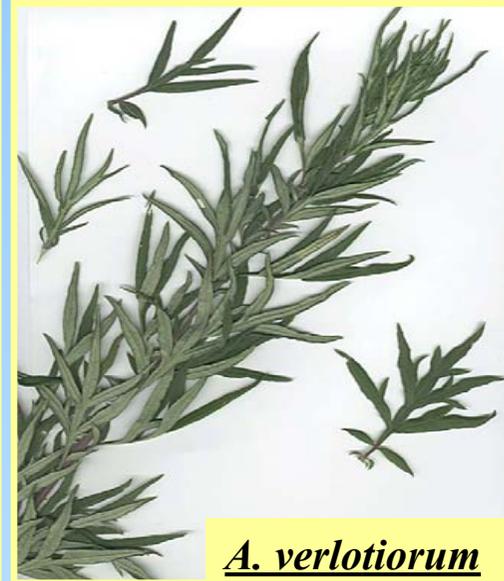
# Artemisia



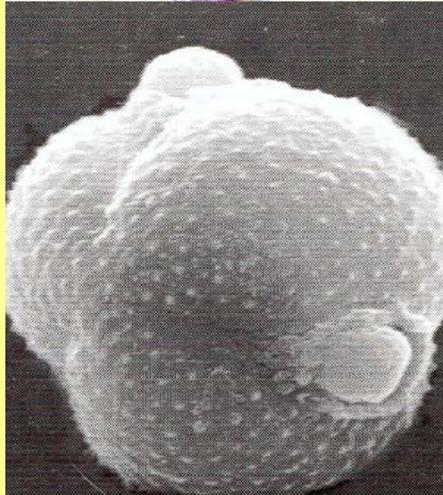
*A. campestris*



*A. herba-alba*



*A. verlotiorum*



*A. vulgaris*

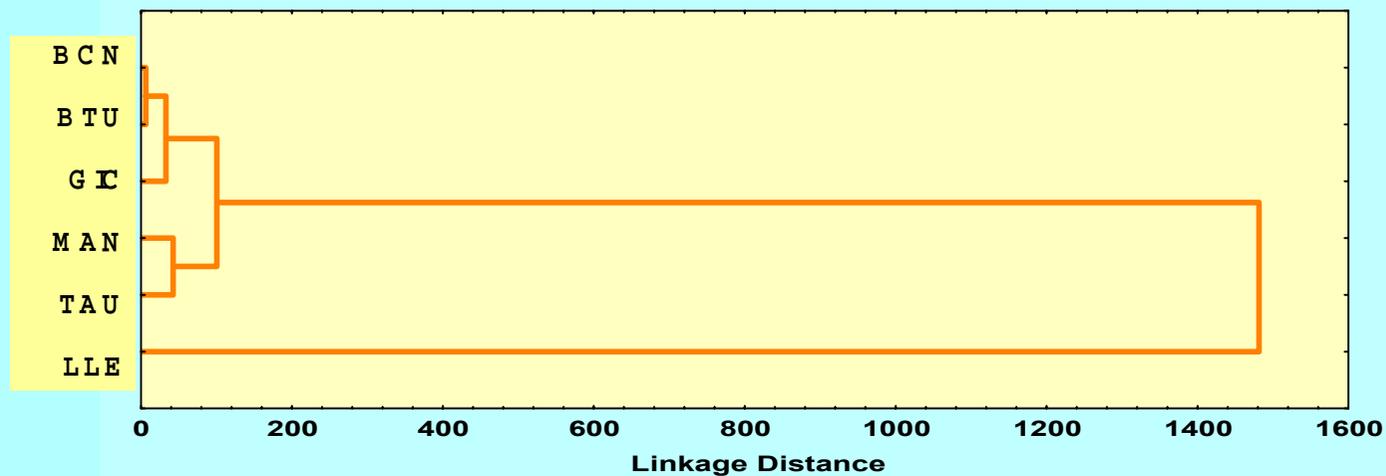


# Similitude between sampler stations

Spearman correlation  $P < 0.001$

<b>BCN</b>	<b>BCN</b>					
<b>BTU</b>	0,93	<b>BTU</b>				
<b>GIC</b>	0,83	0,91	<b>GIC</b>			
<b>LLE</b>	0,81	0,74	0,63	<b>LLE</b>		
<b>MAN</b>	0,94	0,91	0,83	0,88	<b>MAN</b>	
<b>TAU</b>	0,92	0,89	0,73	0,88	0,91	<b>TAU</b>

WARD'S METHOD  
Squared Euclidean distances

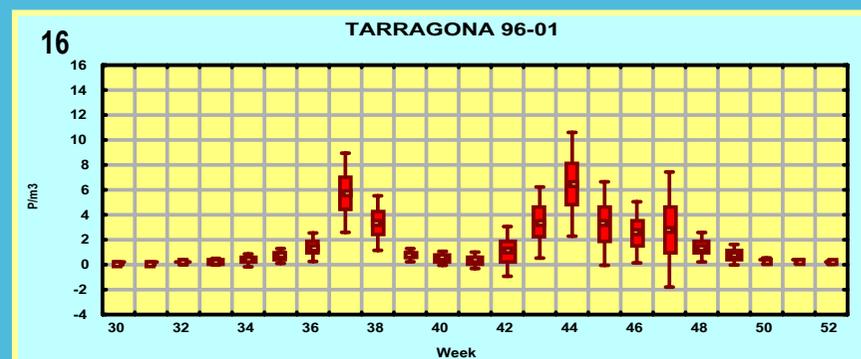
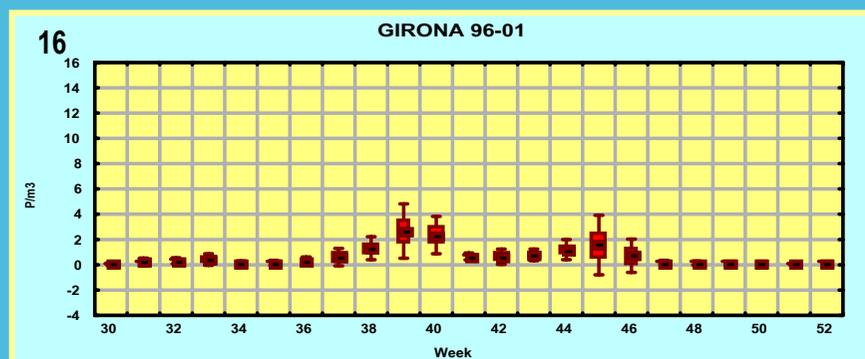
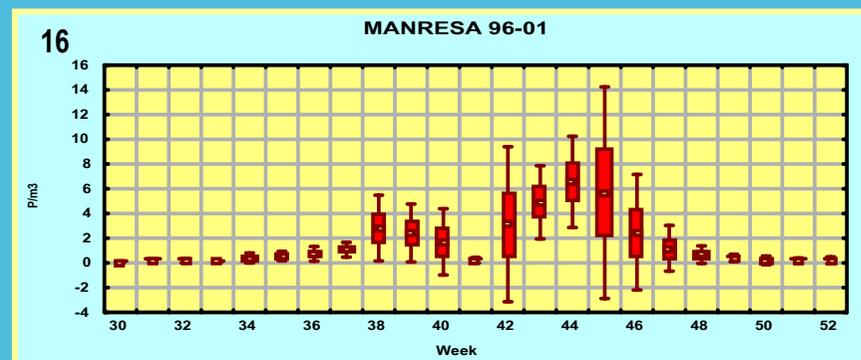
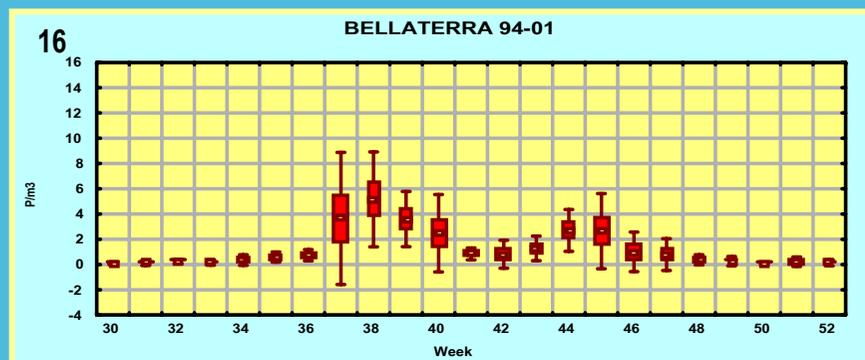
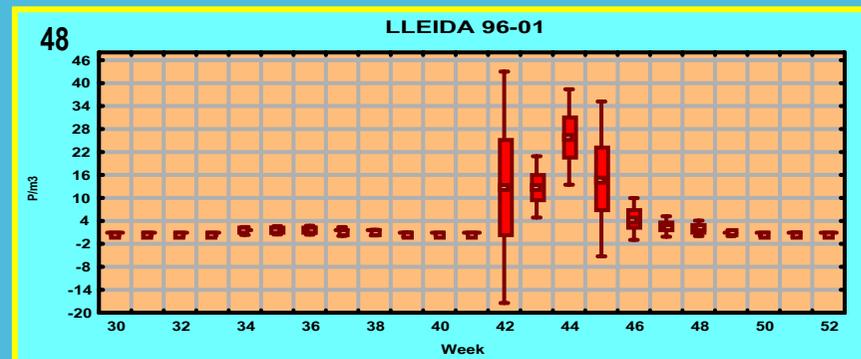
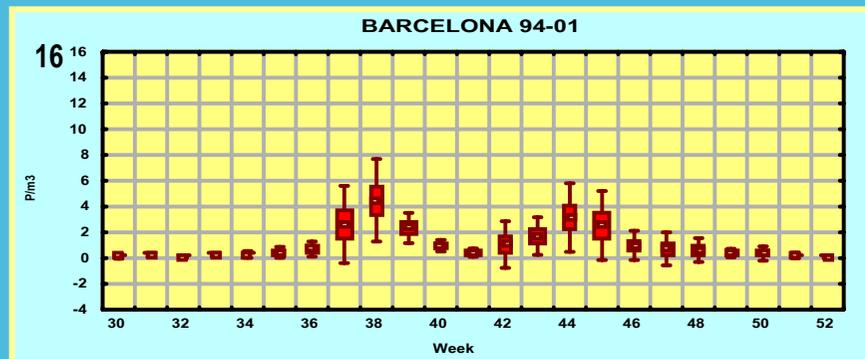
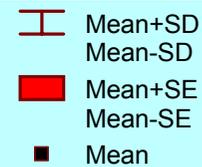


# Annual pollen counts

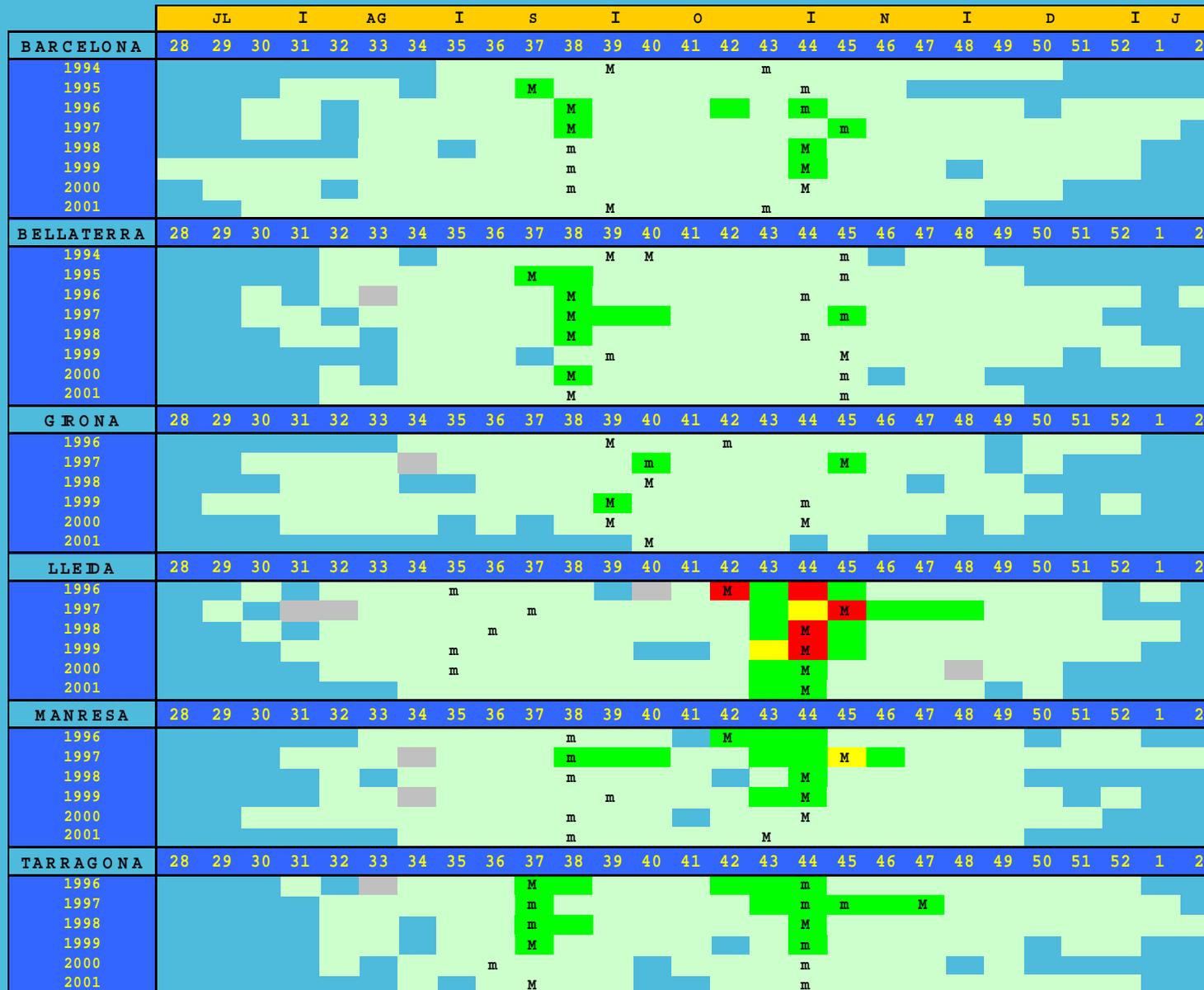
	ANNUAL				WEEKLY MAXIMUM		DAILY MAXIMUM	
	POLLEN	%	%	%	Concentr.	Week	Concentr.	Date
	INDEX	TOTAL	HERBS	ASTERACEAE	P m <sup>3</sup> /week	Nr	P m <sup>3</sup> /day	m m d d
<b>BARCELONA</b>								
1994	76	0,2	1,2	62,8	2,8	39	7,7	S 20
1995	160	0,4	2,5	75,1	9,6	37	40,6	S 15
1996	244	0,5	2,8	69,9	8,6	38	17,0	S 18
1997	318	0,5	3,1	82,8	10,4	38	20,3	N 9
1998	186	0,3	2,7	70,5	6,9	44	16,8	O 31
1999	174	0,4	2,9	74,7	6,1	44	24,5	N 4
2000	128	0,2	2,1	70,3	2,6	45	7,7	N 4
2001	93	0,3	1,9	67,9	2,1	39	7,0	S 26
<b>LLEDA</b>								
1996	1021	3,6	8,8	88,6	74,5	42	233,8	O 19
1997	1000	3,3	13,0	91,9	55,6	45	163,1	N 8
1998	521	1,4	4,0	78,2	40,6	44	62,3	O 31
1999	521	2,6	7,5	89,2	32,9	44	102,2	N 3
2000	233	1,0	3,5	77,2	13,6	44	22,4	O 31
2001	189	1,1	3,2	75,3	8,8	44	23,8	N 1

BCN 94-01	172	0,4	2,4	71,8	4,5	38	7,2	S 15
BTU 94-01	202	0,6	2,9	66,1	5,2	38	17,4	S 17
GC 96-01	107	0,2	1,1	49,1	2,7	39	5,6	S 29
LLE 96-01	581	2,2	6,7	83,4	25,9	44	44,6	O 30
MAN 96-01	257	0,7	3,0	73,6	6,6	44	13,4	O 30
TAU 96-01	261	0,9	3,2	76,9	6,5	44	14,8	O 30

# Mean weekly *Artemisia* pollen dynamics

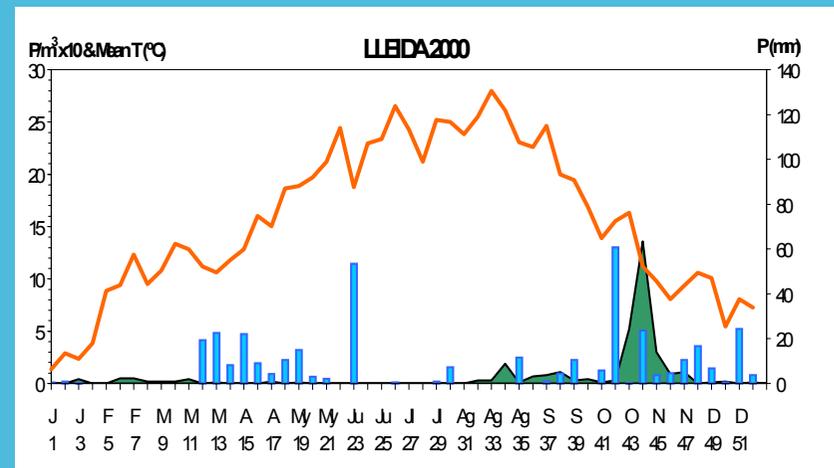
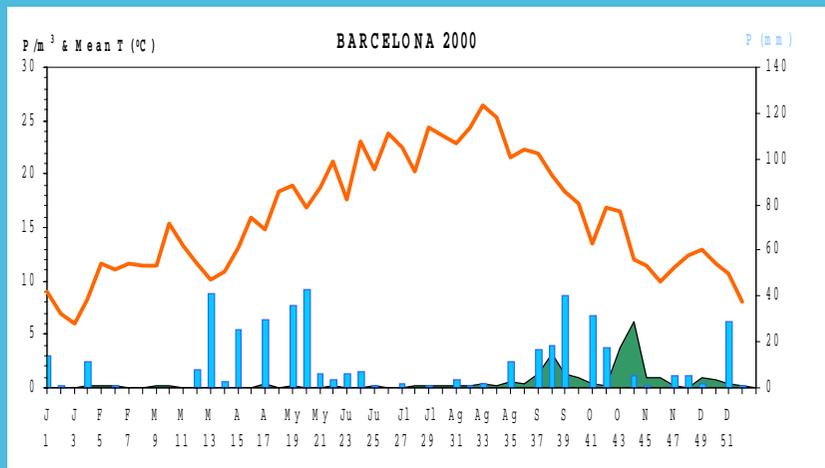
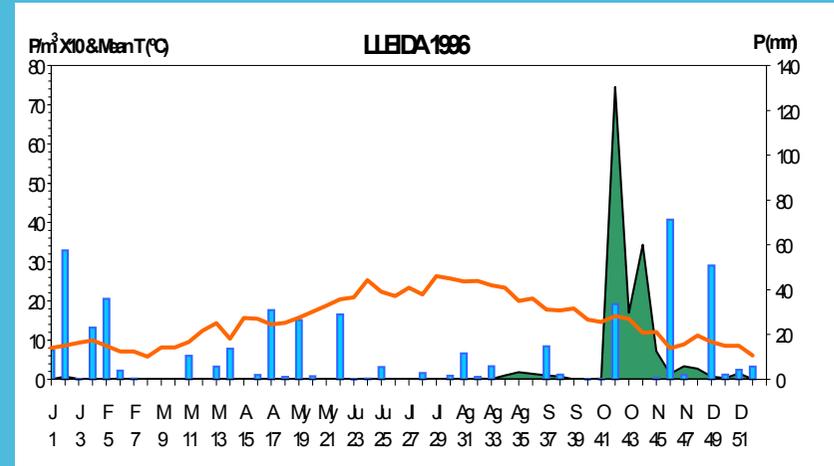
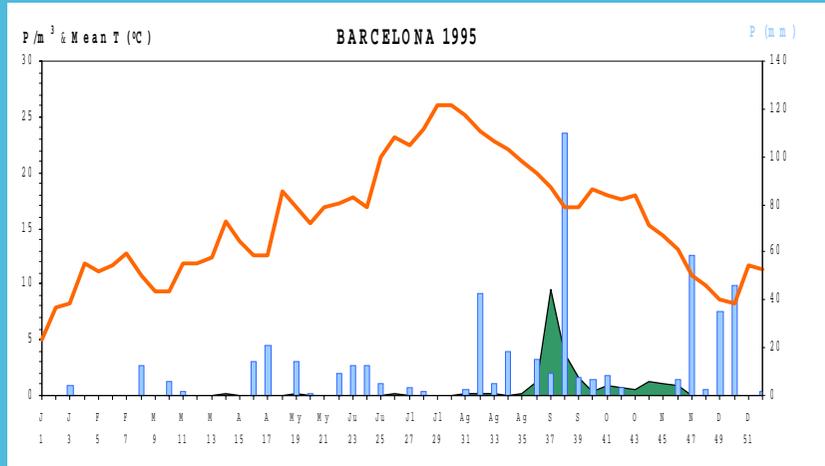


# Artemisia pollen season



Categorical data (Belmonte et al 2000)	
	Whithout data
0	NULL = 0
1	0 > LOW < 5
2	5 > MEDIUM < 20
3	20 > HIGH < 30
4	VERY HIGH >30
M	1st max peak
m	2nd max peak

# Pollen and meteorology



# Conclusions

- A similar behaviour pattern between all sampling station is observed except Lleida.
- Two pollen peaks are observed, possibly due to different *Artemisia* species. The first peak is more important in Barcelona, Bellaterra and Girona and is centred on week number 38(39). The second peak is important in Manresa and Tarragona, and specially important in Lleida. It is centred in week number 44(45).
- Considering categorical data allergenicity risk scale, only LLE presents very high values (level 4).
- More research will be done to progress in the understanding of *Artemisia* pollen in the atmosphere in Catalonia.

# Acknowledgements

Economical support:  
**Laboratorios CBF-LETI, S.A.**

Slide analysis:

**Jordina Belmonte**

Marta Caño

**Elena Gabarra**

Anna Guàrdia

**David Navarro**

**Rut Puigdemunt**

Joan M. Roure

Sbai Larbi

Mercè Vendrell

Technical support:

Susanna Benítez

**Marta Sardà**

**Silvia Renom**

Medical collaboration:

Dr. Jaume Botey

**Dr. Àlvar Cadahía**

**Dr. José-Luís Eseverri**

**Societat Catalana d'Al·lergologia i  
Immunologia Clínica**